

Amendments to the claims:

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Claim 1 (Amended): A cosmetic composition for use in cleansing and conditioning the skin of the hands, face, heels/knees/elbows and/or the body of a human being that comprises (A) 35% to 80% by weight of emollient material; (B) a water soluble surface active agent in a proportion selected from the range of 0.4% to 8.0% by weight, said proportion being effective to deposit a skin softening amount of emollient material on the treated skin without a greasy after-feel when said composition is applied to and rinsed from the skin with water and the skin is dried; and (C) a water-insoluble C12 – C18 monocarboxylic acid salt, the weight ratio of said emollient material to said carboxylic acid salt being in the range of about 7:1 to about 1:1 and being adequate to produce a composition the form of a substantially stable, extrudable paste or cream; said composition containing 0% to 10% by weight of water and being effective to cleanse, soften, smooth and moisturize the skin when the composition is applied to and massaged into the skin, thereafter rinsed from the skin with tepid water and the skin is dried.

Claim 2 (original): A composition according to Claim 1 wherein said water-insoluble monocarboxylic acid salt is the calcium salt or magnesium salt of a C14 – C18 fatty acid.

Claim 3 (original): A composition according to Claim 2 wherein said water-insoluble salt is calcium stearate.

Claim 4. (Previously amended). A composition according to Claim 1 wherein the emollient material consists of a mixture of a major proportion of emollient oil and a minor proportion of emollient material selected from the group consisting of C12 – C18 fatty acids, C12 – C18 fatty alcohols, C12 – C18 fatty esters, Shea butter, lanolin or a lanolin alcohol, lecithin and mixtures thereof.

Claim 5. (Previously amended). A composition according to Claim 1 wherein the emollient material is present in an amount of from 40% to 60% by weight and consists of a major

proportion of emollient oil and a minor proportion of emollient material selected from the group consisting of C12 – C18 fatty acids, C12 – C18 fatty alcohols, C12 – C18 fatty esters, Shea butter, lanolin or a lanolin alcohol, lecithin and mixtures thereof.

Cu Claim 6. (Amended): A composition according to Claim 5 wherein the water-soluble ~~surfactant~~ surface active agent is an anionic surfactant.

Claim 7. (Previously amended): A composition according to Claim 6 wherein said anionic surfactant is sodium cocoyl N-methyl taurate.

Claim 8. (Previously amended). A composition according to Claim 1 that contains, in addition, 5% - 50% by weight of a non-irritating, skin compatible, particulate material that is effective to cleanse and lubricate the skin without abrading the skin, said particulate matter being stably suspended therein and effective to exfoliate dead skin cells.

Claim 9. (Original): A composition according to Claim 8 wherein said particulate material is a mixture of particulate materials that includes 8% - 20% by weight of a starch material selected from the group consisting of starches and enzyme or acid hydrolyzed starches.

Cz Claim 10. (Amended). A cosmetic composition for use in cleansing and conditioning the skin of the hands, face, heels/knees/elbows and/or the body of a human being that comprises (A) 35% to 80% by weight of emollient material; (B) a water-soluble surface active agent selected from the group consisting anionic, nonionic, amphoteric, zwitterionic and cationic surfactants in a proportion selected from the range of 0.4% to 8.0% by weight, said proportion being effective to deposit a skin softening amount of emollient material on the treated skin without a greasy after-feel when said composition is rinsed from the skin with water and the skin is dried; (C) a water-insoluble C12 – C18 monocarboxylic acid salt in a weight ratio to said emollient material in the range of 7:1 to 1:1 and being adequate to produce a composition in the form of a substantially

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stable, extrudable paste or cream; and (D) 5% to 50% by weight of a non-irritating, skin compatible, particulate material that is effective to cleanse and lubricate the skin without abrading the skin; said composition containing 0% to 10% by weight of water and being effective to cleanse, soften, smooth and moisturize the skin when the composition is applied to and massaged into the skin, thereafter rinsed from the skin with tepid water and the skin is dried.

Claim 11. (Previously amended). A composition according to Claim 10 wherein the emollient material is present in an amount of from 40% to 60% by weight and consists of a mixture of a major proportion of emollient oil and a minor proportion of an emollient material selected from the group consisting of C12-C18 fatty acids, C12 -C18 fatty alcohols, C12 - C18 fatty esters, Shea butter, lanolin or a lanolin alcohol, lecithin and mixtures thereof and said particulate material is present in an amount of 14% to 41% by weight.

Claim 12. (Original): A composition according to Claim 11 wherein said water-insoluble monocarboxylic acid salt is the calcium or magnesium salt of a C14-C18 fatty acid.

Claim 13. (Original): A composition according to Claim 12 wherein said water-insoluble salt is calcium stearate.

Claim 14. (Original): A composition according to Claim 13 wherein the ratio of emollient material to calcium stearate is in the range of 5:1 to 2:1 and said water soluble surface active agent is an anionic surfactant.

Claim 15. (Original): A composition according to Claim 14 wherein the ratio of emollient material to calcium stearate is in the range of 4.3:1 to 2.5:1.

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Claim 16. (Amended):...A cosmetic composition particularly suitable for use in cleansing and conditioning the hands of a human being that comprises (A) 35% to 80% by weight of emollient material; (B) 0.4% to 3.0% by weight of a water-soluble surface active agent selected from the group consisting anionic, nonionic, amphoteric, zwitterionic and cationic surfactants, said proportion being effective to deposit a skin softening amount of emollient material on the treated skin without a greasy after-feel when said composition is applied to and rinsed from the skin with water and the skin is dried; (C) a water-insoluble C12 - C18 monocarboxylic acid salt in a weight ratio to said emollient material in the range of 7:1 to 1:1 and adequate to produce said composition

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in the form of a substantially, stable, extrudable paste or cream; and (D) 5% to 50% by weight of a non-irritating, skin compatible, particulate material that is effective to cleanse and lubricate the skin without abrading the skin; said composition containing 0% to 10% by weight of water and being effective to cleanse, soften, smooth and moisturize the skin when the composition is applied to and massaged into the skin, thereafter rinsed with tepid water and the skin is towel dried.

Claim 17. (Previously amended). A composition according to Claim 16 wherein the emollient material consists of a mixture of a major proportion of emollient oil and a minor proportion of emollient material selected from the group consisting of C12-C18 fatty acids, C12-C18 fatty alcohols, C12 - C18 fatty esters, Shea butter, lanolin or a lanolin alcohol, lecithin and mixtures thereof and said particulate material is present in an amount of 10% to 45% by weight.

Claim 18. (Original): A composition according to Claim 17 wherein said water-insoluble monocarboxylic acid salt is the calcium or magnesium salt of a C14-C18 fatty acid.

Claim 19. (Original): A composition according to Claim 18 wherein said water-insoluble salt is calcium stearate.

Claim 20. (Previously amended). A composition according to Claim 19 wherein said emollient material is present in an amount of from 40% to 60% by weight, said particulate material is present in an amount of 15% to 41% by weight, the ratio of emollient material to calcium stearate is in the range of 4:1 to 2.5:1 and said water soluble surface active agent is an anionic surfactant.

Claim 21. (Original): A composition according to Claim 20 wherein said particulate material includes sodium chloride.

Claim 22. (Original): A composition according to Claim 21 wherein said particulate material further includes 10% - 20% by weight of a starch material selected from the group consisting of starches and enzyme or acid hydrolyzed starches

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Claim 23. (Amended): A cosmetic composition particularly suitable for use in cleansing and conditioning the heels, knees and elbows of a human being that comprises (A) 35% to 80% by weight of emollient material; (B) 2.0% to 8.0% by weight of a water-soluble surface active agent selected from the group consisting anionic, nonionic, amphoteric, zwitterionic and cationic surfactants, said proportion being effective to deposit a skin softening amount of

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emollient material on the treated skin without a greasy after-feel when said composition is applied to and rinsed from the skin with water and the skin is dried; (C) a water-insoluble C12 – C18 monocarboxylic acid salt in a weight ratio to said emollient material in the range of 7:1 to 1:1 and adequate to produce a composition in the form of a substantially stable, extrudable paste or cream; and (D) 5% to 50% by weight of a non-irritating, skin compatible, particulate material that is effective to cleanse and lubricate the skin without abrading the skin; said composition containing 0% to 10% by weight of water and being effective to cleanse, soften, smooth and moisturize the skin when the composition is applied to and massaged into the skin, thereafter rinsed with tepid water and the skin is towel dried.

Claim 24. (Previously amended): A composition according to Claim 23 wherein the emollient material consists of a mixture of a major proportion of emollient oil and a minor proportion of emollient material selected from the group consisting of C12-C18 fatty acids, C12 – C18 fatty alcohols, C12 – C18 fatty esters, Shea butter, lanolin or a lanolin alcohol, lecithin and mixtures thereof and said particulate material is present in an amount of 10% to 45% by weight.

Claim 25. (Original): A composition according to Claim 24 wherein said water-insoluble monocarboxylic acid salt is the calcium or magnesium salt of a C14 -C18 fatty acid.

Claim 26. (Original): A composition according to Claim 25 wherein said water-insoluble salt is calcium stearate.

Claim 27. (Original): A composition according to Claim 26 wherein said emollient material is present in an amount of from 40% to 60% by weight, said particulate material is present in an amount of from 15% to 41% by weight, the ratio of emollient material to calcium stearate is in the range of 5:1 to 2:1 and said water soluble surface active agent is an anionic surfactant.

Claim 28. (Original): A composition according to Claim 27 wherein said particulate material includes pumice.

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Claim 29. (Amended): A cosmetic composition particularly suitable for use in

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cleansing and conditioning the face and body of a human being that comprises (A) 35% to 80% by weight of emollient material; (B) 4.0% to 8.0% by weight of a water-soluble surface active agent selected from the group consisting of anionic, nonionic, amphoteric, zwitterionic and cationic surfactants, said proportion being effective to deposit a skin softening amount of emollient material on the treated skin without a greasy after feel when said composition is applied to and rinsed from the skin with water and the skin is dried; (C) a water-insoluble C12 – C18 monocarboxylic acid salt in a weight ratio to said emollient material in the range of 7:1 to 1:1 and adequate to produce a composition in the form of a stable, extrudable paste or cream; and (D) 5% to 50% by weight of a non-irritating, skin compatible, particulate material that is effective to cleanse and lubricate the skin without abrading the skin; said composition containing 0% to 10% by weight of water and being effective to cleanse, soften, smooth and moisturize the skin when the composition is applied to and massaged into the skin, thereafter rinsed with tepid water and the skin is towel dried.

Claim 30. (Previously amended): A composition according to Claim 29 wherein the emollient material consists of a mixture of a major proportion of emollient oil and a minor proportion of an emollient material selected from the group consisting of C12-C18 fatty acids, C12 –C18 fatty alcohols, C12 – C18 fatty esters, Shea butter, lanolin or a lanolin alcohol, lecithin and mixtures thereof and said particulate material is present in an amount of 10% to 45% by weight.

Claim 31. (Original): A composition according to Claim 30 wherein said water-insoluble monocarboxylic acid salt is the calcium or magnesium salt of a C14 -C18 fatty acid.

Claim 32. (Original): A composition according to Claim 31 wherein said water-insoluble salt is calcium stearate.

Claim 33. (Original): A composition according to Claim 32 wherein said emollient material is present in an amount of 40% to 60% by weight, said particulate material is present in an amount of 15% to 41% by weight, the ratio of emollient material to calcium stearate is in the range of 4:1 to 2.5:1 and said water soluble surface active agent is an anionic surfactant.

Claim 34. (Original): A composition according to Claim 29 wherein said particulate material includes 10% to 20% by weight of starch material selected from the group consisting of starches and acid or enzyme hydrolyzed starches.

Claim 35. (Withdrawn)

Claim 36. (Cancelled)

Claim 37. (Withdrawn)

Claim 38. (New): A composition according to Claim 1 wherein the emollient material is macadamia seed oil, the water-soluble surface active agent is sodium cocoyl N-methyl taurate, the water-insoluble monocarboxylic acid salt is calcium stearate and the resultant composition is substantially anhydrous.

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Claim 39. (New): A composition according to Claim 10 wherein the emollient material is macadamia seed oil, the water-soluble surface active agent is sodium cocoyl N-methyl taurate, the water-insoluble monocarboxylic acid salt is calcium stearate, the particulate material is starch and the resultant composition is substantially anhydrous.
